

CIA 8

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Record D. C. Funds Urged

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Washington, D. C.—President Johnson Tuesday gave congress a record District of Columbia budget reflecting revenues expected from about 12.5 million dollars worth of new taxes.

The budget calls for an expenditure of 428.4 million dollars during the fiscal year starting July 1.

Among new taxes proposed were four million dollars from higher personal income levies, higher liquor and beer taxes, and a penny increase in the cigarette tax. In addition, the budget anticipates approval of a penny increase in gasoline taxes, to 7c a gallon.

Johnson emphasized the necessity for improvements in health, education and crime reduction in Washington. He also again called for congressional approval of a bill for self-government under a mayor-city council plan.

The budget called for the federal government to increase its contribution to Washington's revenues by nearly 12 million dollars.

Plan for Rural Poor

Johnson asked congress to step up the war against poverty for 4.4 million poor rural families through a new, federally aided program of joint ac-

tion by small cities and outlying areas.

In a message to the senate and house, he called for steps to give rural areas the same centralized direction in anti-poverty efforts that big cities already are achieving.

CIA Probe Sought

Sen. McCarthy (D-Minn.) introduced a resolution calling for a senate investigation of the central intelligence agency's influence on United States foreign relations. He had said last week that he planned to do so.

Sen. Stephen M. Young (D-Ohio), meanwhile, proposed the assignment of a senate-house committee for continuing study and investigation of the CIA.

Chairman Fulbright indicated that the senate foreign relations committee would decide soon whether to investigate the CIA. McCarthy favors this approach and if it fails, an investigation by the full senate.

Battle on Rent Plan?

President Johnson has chosen his rent subsidy plan as the first battleground in the "guns versus butter" conflict facing congress. Indications are that it will be a major battle.

Johnson told congress in his budget message he wanted 30 million dollars "immediately" for the program. An identical request was rejected by congress last year.

Term Change Opposed

Johnson apparently will have to agree to substantial compromises to get senate approval of his proposal for four year terms for house members.

An Associated Press survey indicated Tuesday that he could not now muster the necessary two-thirds majority for a con-

stitutional amendment calling for the four year election of house members in presidential election years.

The survey reached 88 senators, and 18 of them declined a commitment.

Twenty-six senators said they did not favor electing all of the members in presidential years; 24 said they did not favor four year terms. Only 20 generally supported the president's plan. They included Wisconsin's Sens. Proxmire and Nelson, both Democrats.

Both senate and house would have to give two-thirds approval for such an amendment, which then would become effective only if ratified by three-fourths of the states.

Security Bill Offered

Rep. Weltner (D-Ga.) proposed a new internal security law to cover such organizations as the Ku Klux Klan and the Cosa Nostra as well as Communist groups.

Weltner said present security statutes were outmoded. He said his bill would provide the means to control, diminish and ultimately destroy criminal conspiracies.